## § 1.1275-3

- (ii) Reopening within six months. A reopening is described in this paragraph (k)(3)(ii) if—
- (A) The original debt instruments are publicly traded (within the meaning of §1.1273–2(f));
- (B) The reopening date of the additional debt instruments is not more than six months after the issue date of the original debt instruments; and
- (C) On the date on which the price of the additional debt instruments is established (or, if earlier, the announcement date), the yield of the original debt instruments (based on their fair market value) is not more than 110 percent of the yield of the original debt instruments on their issue date (or, if the original debt instruments were issued with no more than a de minimis amount of OID, the coupon rate).
- (iii) Reopening with de minimis OID. A reopening (including a reopening of Treasury securities) is described in this paragraph (k)(3)(iii) if—
- (A) The original debt instruments are publicly traded (within the meaning of §1.1273–2(f)); and
- (B) The additional debt instruments are issued with no more than a de minimis amount of OID (determined without the application of this paragraph (k)).
- (iv) Exceptions. This paragraph (k)(3) does not apply to a reopening of tax-exempt obligations (as defined in section 1275(a)(3)) or contingent payment debt instruments (within the meaning of §1.1275-4).
- (4) Issuer's treatment of a qualified reopening. See §1.163–7(e) for the issuer's treatment of the debt instruments that are part of a qualified reopening.
- (5) Effective date. This paragraph (k) applies to debt instruments that are part of a reopening where the reopening date is on or after March 13, 2001.
- [T.D. 8517, 59 FR 4826, Feb. 2, 1994, as amended by T.D. 8674, 61 FR 30142, June 14, 1996; T.D. 8840, 64 FR 60343, Nov. 5, 1999; T.D. 8934, 66 FR 2816, Jan 12, 2001; T.D. 9157, 69 FR 52829, Aug. 30, 2004]

## § 1.1275-3 OID information reporting requirements.

(a) In general. This section provides legending and information reporting requirements intended to facilitate the reporting of OID.

- (b) Information required to be set forth on face of debt instruments that are not publicly offered—(1) In general. Except as provided in paragraph (b)(4) or paragraph (d) of this section, this paragraph (b) applies to any debt instrument that is not publicly offered (within the meaning of §1.1275–1(h)), is issued in physical form, and has OID. The issuer of any such debt instrument must legend the instrument by stating on the face of the instrument that the debt instrument was issued with OID. In addition, the issuer must either—
- (i) Set forth on the face of the debt instrument the issue price, the amount of OID, the issue date, the yield to maturity, and, in the case of a debt instrument subject to the rules of §1.1275-4(b), the comparable yield and projected payment schedule; or
- (ii) Provide the name or title and either the address or telephone number of a representative of the issuer who will, beginning no later than 10 days after the issue date, promptly make available to holders upon request the information described in paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section.
- (2) Time for legending. An issuer may satisfy the requirements of this paragraph (b) by legending the debt instrument when it is first issued in physical form. Legending is not required, however, before the first holder of the debt instrument disposes of the instrument.
- (3) Legend must survive reissuance upon transfer. Any new physical security that is issued (for example, upon registration of transfer of ownership) must contain any required legend.
- (4) Exceptions. Paragraph (b)(1) of this section does not apply to debt instruments described in section 1272(a)(2) (relating to debt instruments not subject to the periodic OID inclusion rules), debt instruments issued by natural persons (as defined in §1.6049–4(f)(2)), REMIC regular interests or other debt instruments subject to section 1272(a)(6), or stripped bonds and coupons within the meaning of section 1286.
- (c) Information required to be reported to Secretary upon issuance of publicly offered debt instruments—(1) In general. Except as provided in paragraph (c)(3) or paragraph (d) of this section, the information reporting requirements of

this paragraph (c) apply to any debt instrument that is publicly offered and has original issue discount. The issuer of any such debt instrument must make an information return on the form prescribed by the Commissioner (Form 8281, as of September 2, 1992). The prescribed form must be filed with the Internal Revenue Service in the manner specified on the form. The taxpayer must use the prescribed form even if other information returns are filed using other methods (e.g., electronic media), unless the Commissioner announces otherwise in a revenue procedure.

- (2) Time for filing information return. The prescribed form must be filed for each issue of publicly offered debt instruments within 30 days after the issue date of the issue.
- (3) Exceptions. The rules of paragraph (c)(1) of this section do not apply to debt instruments described in section 1272(a)(2), debt instruments issued by natural persons (as defined in §1.6049–4(f)(2)), certificates of deposit, REMIC regular interests or other debt instruments subject to section 1272(a)(6), or (unless otherwise required by the Commissioner pursuant to a revenue ruling or revenue procedure) stripped bonds and coupons (within the meaning of section 1286).
- (d) Application to foreign issuers and U.S. issuers of foreign-targeted debt instruments. A foreign or domestic issuer is subject to the rules of this section with respect to an issue of debt instruments unless the issue is not offered for sale or resale in the United States in connection with its original issuance.
- (e) *Penalties*. See section 6706 for rules relating to the penalty imposed for failure to meet the information reporting requirements imposed by this section.
- (f) Effective date. Paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of this section are effective for an issue of debt instruments issued after September 2, 1992.
- [T.D. 8431, 57 FR 40322, Sept. 3, 1992; 57 FR 46243, Oct. 7, 1992, as amended by T.D. 8517, 59 FR 4827, Feb. 2, 1994; T.D. 8674, 61 FR 30143, June 14, 1996]

## § 1.1275-4 Contingent payment debt instruments.

- (a) Applicability—(1) In general. Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, this section applies to any debt instrument that provides for one or more contingent payments. In general, paragraph (b) of this section applies to a contingent payment debt instrument that is issued for money or publicly traded property and paragraph (c) of this section applies to a contingent payment debt instrument that is issued for nonpublicly traded property. Paragraph (d) of this section provides special rules for tax-exempt obligations. See §1.1275-6 for a taxpayer's treatment of a contingent payment debt instrument and a hedge.
- (2) Exceptions. This section does not apply to—
- (i) A debt instrument that has an issue price determined under section 1273(b)(4) (e.g., a debt instrument subject to section 483):
- (ii) A variable rate debt instrument (as defined in §1.1275–5);
- (iii) A debt instrument subject to §1.1272–1(c) (a debt instrument that provides for certain contingencies) or §1.1272–1(d) (a debt instrument that provides for a fixed yield);
- (iv) A debt instrument subject to section 988 (except as provided in §1.988-6);
- (v) A debt instrument to which section 1272(a)(6) applies (certain interests in or mortgages held by a REMIC, and certain other debt instruments with payments subject to acceleration);
- (vi) A debt instrument (other than a tax-exempt obligation) described in section 1272(a)(2) (e.g., U.S. savings bonds, certain loans between natural persons, and short-term taxable obligations):
- (vii) An inflation-indexed debt instrument (as defined in §1.1275–7); or
- (viii) A debt instrument issued pursuant to a plan or arrangement if—
- (A) The plan or arrangement is created by a state statute:
- (B) A primary objective of the plan or arrangement is to enable the participants to pay for the costs of post-secondary education for themselves or their designated beneficiaries; and
- (C) Contingent payments on the debt instrument are related to such objective.